## Sketchbooks

| Sketchbooks |  |  |  |
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|  | EYFS and Key stage 1 | Lower key stage 2 | Upper key stage 2 |
|  | 1. Record and explore ideas. <br> 2. Ask and answer questions verbally about their own work and work of others (ie explain what they like) <br> 3. Develop their ideas- try things out, change their minds <br> 4. Explore the work of artists, craftspeople and designers from different cultures for differences and similarities. <br> 5. Can name the difference and similarities within the work of artists, craftspeople and designers. <br> 6. Year R to show work in big book, Year 1 to be introduced to sketchbooks and to begin to take ownership of ideas. | 1. All to develop their use of sketchbooks by showing the journey of ideas <br> 2. Use sketchbooks to record observations, planning and developing ideas, gather evidence and investigate testing media and skills to support future work with annotations to explain reasoning for choices <br> 3. Use sketchbooks to review and revisit their ideas. <br> 4. Us Select and record from first hand observations, imagination and explore ideas and techniques/skills. <br> 5. Question and makes observations throughout the curriculum. <br> 6. Explore the roles and purposes of artists, craftspeople and designers working in different times and cultures <br> 7.Uses visual language. | 1. All must use sketchbooks confidently to show their journey of ideas <br> 2. Use sketchbooks imaginatively to collect evidence, record observations, develop ideas and skills, testing materials and plan and recording information for future works while annotating choices and giving reasons <br> 3. Identify artists who have worked in a similar way to their own <br> 4. Adapt their work according to their reflections and describe through annotations where possible on how they might develop further <br> 5. Explain why they have combined different tools to create their drawings <br> 6. Expand knowledge of artists, designers and architects and link similarities of artist's style in their own work/sketchbooks <br> 7. Has a fluent grasp of visual language. |


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|  | EYFS and Key stage 1 | Lower key stage 2 | Upper key stage 2 |
|  | 1. Review what they and others have done and say what they think and feel about it <br> 2. Identify what they might change in their current work or develop in future work <br> 3. Year 2 to begin to annotate ideas and opinions in sketchbooks. <br> 4. Begin to know they names of tools, techniques and formal elements (colour, shapes, tones etc) that they use. <br> 5. Begin to use appropriate vocabulary | 1. Compare ideas, methods and approaches in their own and others work and say what they think and feel about them through annotations <br> 2. Link their art work to artists and discuss techniques and skills used <br> 3. Know how to explain the ways of using some of the tools and techniques they have chosen to work with <br> 4. Know about some of the key ideas, techniques and working practices of a variety of artists, craftspeople, architects and designers that they have studied | 1. Compare ideas, methods and approaches in their own and others work, including famous artists (in history, living AND local). <br> 2. Discuss their opinions and feelings <br> 3. Adapt their work according to their views and describe how they might develop it further from what they have learnt-using annotations. <br> 4. Know technical vocabulary and techniques. <br> 5. Understand how to describe the processes they are using and how they hope to achieve high quality outcomes <br> 6. Know how to research and discuss the ideas and approaches of various artists, designers and architects; beginning to take account of their particular cultural context and intention <br> Uses the work of artists to inspire and develop own ideas and work. |


| Drawing |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| EYFS | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| 1. Begin to give meaning to the marks they make <br> 2. Begin to use and control a variety of media. <br> 3. Start to produce lines of different thickness using a pencil. <br> 4. Start to produce different patterns and textures from observations, imagination and illustrations. | 1. Experiment with a variety of media. <br> 2. Begin to control the types of marks made with the range of media. <br> 3. Draw lines of different shapes and thickness, using 2 different grades of pencil. <br> 4. Investigate textures by describing, naming, rubbing and copying. <br> 5. Communicate something about themselves. <br> 6. Begin to investigate tone by drawing light and dark lines. <br> Shows pattern and texture by adding dots and lines. <br> Is able to colour neatly, following the lines. | 1. Experiment with a variety of media. <br> 2. Control the types of marks made with a variety of media. <br> 3. Continue to investigate tone by drawing light/dark lines, patterns and shapes using a pencil. <br> 4. Continue to investigate textures and produce an expanding range of patterns. (by describing, naming, copying and rubbings). 5. Use a viewfinder to focus on a specific part of an artefact before drawing it. <br> 6. Draw lines and shapes from observations and begin to use shapes to support drawings. | 1. Develop intricate patterns and marks with a variety of media to add detail. <br> 2. Use different grades of pencil shade to show different tones. <br> 3. Create textures and patterns with a wide range of drawing implements (charcoal, pencil, crayons, chalk, pastels). <br> 4. Begin to show an awareness of objects having a third dimension and perspective. <br> 5. Begin to apply tone in their drawings in a simple way. <br> 6. Draw for a sustained period of time at appropriate level. | 1. Develop techniques to create intricate patterns, marks and lines using a growing range of media. <br> 2. Experiment with different grades of pencils to develop texture, tone, form and shape. <br> 3. Organise line, tone, shape and colour to represent figures and forms in movement. <br> 4. Have opportunities to develop further drawings featuring the third dimension and perspective. <br> 5. Show facial expressions and body language in their sketches. <br> 6. Draw for a sustained amount of time. <br> Use a view finders to select an area of a subject for drawing | 1. Use learnt techniques to work in a sustained and independent way. 2. Develop a key element of their work: line, tone, pattern and texture (shading and hatching). <br> 3. Develop further simple perspective by using a focal point and horizon. <br> 4. Begin to develop awareness of composition, scale and proportions in drawings. <br> 5. Use drawing techniques to work from a variety of sources: observation, photographs and digital images. | 1. Draw for a sustained period of time over a number of sessions working on one piece. <br> 2. Use different techniques for different purposes. (shading, hatching and understand which works well in their work and why). <br> 3. Have opportunities to develop further simple perspective. <br> 4. Develop an awareness of composition, scale and proportion. |


| EYFS | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
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| 1. Enjoy using a variety of tools including different size brushes and tools. <br> 2. Explore what happens when they mix colours. <br> 3. Use particular colours for a purpose. | 1. Explore with a variety of media; different brush sizes and tools. <br> 2. Choose to use thick and thin brushes as appropriate. <br> 3. Begin to control the types of marks made with the range of media. <br> 4. Start to mix a range of secondary colours, moving towards predicting resulting colours. <br> 5. Name the primary and secondary colours. <br> 6. Explore lightening and darkening paint without the use of black or white. | 1. Continue to control the types of marks made with a range of painting techniques: layering, mixing and adding texture. <br> 2. Mix paint to create all the secondary colours and predict the outcomes. <br> 3. Continue to experiment in lightening and darkening without the use of black or white. <br> 4. Begin to mix colour tints and shades. <br> 5. Store information on colour mixing, the colour wheel and colour spectrums. | 1. Demonstrate increasing control with the types of marks made. <br> 2. Experiment with different effects and textures: blocking in colour, washes, thickened paint and textural effects. <br> 3. Use a range of brushes to create different effects. <br> 4. Use light and dark within painting and begin to explore complimentary colours. <br> 4. Mix colour, tints and shades with increasing confidence. <br> 5. Know where each of the primary and secondary colours sits on the colour wheel. | 1. Confidently control types of marks made. <br> 2. Experiment with different effects and textures, including those learnt previously. <br> 3. Begin to choose appropriate media to work with. <br> 4. Use light and dark within painting and show understanding of complimentary colours. <br> 5. Create all the colours they need through mixing. <br> 6. Mix colour, tints and shades with increasing confidence. <br> 7. Start to look at working in the style of a selected artist. <br> Use and create effects and textures (e.g. blocking in colour, washes, thickened paint) Techniques -apply colour, using dotting, scratching, splashing to imitate an artist | 1. Confidently control the types of marks made. <br> 2. Experiment with different effects and textures. <br> 3. Be able to identify primary secondary, complementary and contrasting colours. <br> 4. Mix and match colours to create atmosphere and light effects. <br> 5. Mix colour, tints and shades with confidence. <br> 6. Start to develop a painting from a drawing. <br> 7. Recognise the art of key artists and begin to place them in key movements or historical events. <br> 8. Sketches (Lightly) before painting to combine line and colour. <br> 9. Is able to use brush techniques and the quality of paint to create textures. | 1. Purposely control the types of marks made. <br> 2. Experiment with different effects and textures. <br> 3. Mix colour, tints and shades with confidence, building on previous knowledge. <br> 4. Work in a sustained and independent way to develop their own style of painting. <br> 5. Choose appropriate paint, paper and implements to adapt and extend their work. <br> 6. Explain why they have chosen specific painting techniques. |


| Printing |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| EYFS | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| 1. Enjoy taking leaf rubbings e.g. leaf, brick and coin. <br> 2. Create simple pictures by printing from objects. <br> 3. Develop simple patterns by using objects. | 1. Explore printing simple pictures with a range of hard and soft materials e.g. cork, sponge. <br> 2. Design their own printing block. <br> 3. Explore printing in relief. Use string and card. <br> 4. Explore impressed printing. Drawing into ink, printing from objects. <br> 4. Create a simple repeating pattern and recognise pattern in the environment. <br> 5. Use equipment and media correctly and start to produce a clean printed image. | 1. Continue to explore printing simple pictures with a range of hard and soft materials e.g. cork, sponge, pen barrels. <br> 2. Explore mono printing. Make simple marks on rollers and printing palettes. Take simple prints. <br> 3. Demonstrate experience at impressed printing. Drawing into ink, printing from objects. <br> 4. Design patterns of increasing complexity and repetition. <br> 5. Use equipment and media correctly and be able to produce a clean printed image. <br> 6. Experiment with overprinting motifs and colour. | 1. Continue to explore relief printing and mono printing. <br> 2. Print simple pictures using different printing techniques. <br> 3. Begin to demonstrate experience in three colour printing. <br> 4. Experiment with overprinting motifs using two colours. <br> 5. Start to combine prints taken from different objects to produce an end piece. <br> 6. Explore the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and making links to their own work. | 1. Increase awareness of relief printing and mono printing. <br> 2. Expand experience in three colour printing. <br> 3. Continue experimenting with overprinting motifs using three colours. <br> 4. Print onto different materials including fabric. <br> 5. Continue to experience combining prints taken from different objects to produce an end piece. <br> 6. Create an accurate print design. | 1. Show experience in a range of mono print techniques. <br> 2. Continue to gain experience in overprinting colours. <br> 3. Start to overlay prints with other media. <br> 4. Print onto a range of different materials. <br> 5. Use a variety of tools in a safe way. <br> 6. Create an accurate print design that meets a given criteria. <br> 7. Collect and record visual information from different sources as well as planning and trying out ideas. | 1. Demonstrate experience in a range of printmaking techniques. <br> 2. Describe the techniques and processes they use. <br> 3. Overprint using different colours. <br> 4. Be confident in printing onto a range of different materials. <br> 5. Collect and record visual information from different sources as well as planning and collecting source material. <br> 6. Adapt their work according to their views and describe how they might develop it further. |


| 3D/sculpture |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| EYFS | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| 1. Enjoy a range of malleable media such as clay, papier-mâché and salt dough. <br> 2. Cut shapes using scissors and other modelling tools. <br> 3. Understand that different media can be combined to create new effects. <br> 4. Construct with a purpose in mind, using a variety of resources. <br> 5. Select tools and techniques needed to shape, assemble and join materials they are using. | 1. Experiment with a variety of malleable media such as clay, papier-mâché, salt dough and Modroc. <br> 2. Manipulate malleable materials in a variety of ways including rolling, pinching and kneading. <br> 3. Shape and model materials for a purpose e.g. pots. <br> 4. Apply simple decoration techniques; impressed, painted and applied. <br> 5. Experiment with constructing and joining recycled, natural and manmade materials. <br> 6. Use tools and equipment safely and in the correct way. | 1. Use equipment and media with increasing confidence. <br> 2. Use clay, Modroc or other malleable material to create an imaginary or realistic form e.g. a pot, structure or figure. <br> 3. Explore carving as a form of 3D art. <br> 4. Demonstrate experience in surface patterns and textures and use them when appropriate. <br> 5. Develop an increasing awareness to use tools and equipment safely and in the correct way. <br> 6. Is able to use materials to make objects for a purpose, <br> 7. Makes joins by manipulating modelling material or pasting. <br> 8. Is able to discuss work of sculptors | 1. Use equipment and media with confidence. <br> 2. Join two parts successfully. <br> 3. Construct a simple base for extending and modelling other shapes. <br> 4. Learn to secure work to continue at a later date. <br> 5. Continue to explore carving as a form of 3D art. <br> 6. Produce larger ware using pinch, slab and coil techniques. <br> 7. Produce more intricate surface patterns and textures and use them when appropriate. <br> 8. Use language appropriate to skill and technique. <br> 9. Can weave accurately in and out <br> 10. Able to use pattern within work <br> 11. Shape, form, model and construct <br> 12. Create a 3D piece of work that demonstrates control over the media | 1. Work in a safe, organised way, caring for equipment. <br> 2. Make a slip to join two pieces of clay. <br> 3. Secure work to continue at a later date. <br> 4. Decorate, coil and produce marquettes confidently. <br> 4. Gain more experience in carving as a form of 3 D art. <br> 5. Use recycled, natural and man-made materials to create sculptures. <br> 6. Model over an armature (newspaper frame for Modroc). <br> 8. Continue to use language appropriate to skill and technique. <br> 9. Show an awareness of the effect of time upon sculptures. <br> 10. Understand qualities and potential of materials <br> 11. Use tools more confidently to create different effects. <br> 12. Use 3D work to express and idea | 1. Continue to work in a safe, organised way, caring for equipment. <br> 2. Carry on securing work to continue at a later date. <br> 3. Show experience in combining pinch, slab and coil. <br> 4. Develop understanding of different ways of finishing work: glaze, paint and polish. <br> 5. Gain experience in modelling over an armature (newspaper frame for Modroc). <br> 6. Develop confidence in carving a simple form. <br> 7. Use recycled, natural and manmade materials to create sculptures, confidently and successfully joining. <br> 8. Demonstrate awareness in environmental sculpture and found object art. <br> 9. Compare the style of different approaches e.g. Moore and Aztec. | 1. Work confidently in a safe, organised way, caring for equipment. <br> 2. Carry on securing work to continue at a later date. <br> 3. Model and develop work through a combination of pinch, slab and coil to produce end pieces. <br> 4. Demonstrate experience in the understanding of different ways of finishing work: glaze, paint and polish. <br> 5. Work around armatures or over constructed foundations. <br> 6. Confidently carve a simple form. <br> 7. Demonstrate experience in relief and freestanding work using a range of media. <br> 8. Recognise sculptural forms in the environment e.g. furniture and buildings. |


| Textiles |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| EYFS | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| 1. Enjoy playing with and using a variety of textiles and fabrics. <br> 2. Decorate a piece of fabric. <br> 3. Experiment with simple weaving e.g. paper, twigs. <br> 4. Experiment in fabric collage e.g. layering fabric. | 1. Begin to identify different forms of textiles. <br> 2. Have experience in colouring textiles (printing and fabric crayons). <br> 3. Have some experience of weaving and understand the process and some techniques. <br> 4. Begin to identify different types and textures of fabric and materials for collage. <br> 5. Use one type of stitch. <br> 6. Explain how to thread a needle and have a go. | 1. Continue identifying different forms of textiles. <br> 2. Gain experience in applying colour to textiles (dipping and fabric crayons). <br> 3. Continue to gain confidence in weaving, both 3D and flat e.g. grass through twigs. <br> 4. Stitch two pieces of fabric. <br> 5. Create and use dyes e.g. using onion skins, tea and coffee. <br> 6. Match and sort fabrics and threads for colour, texture, length, size and shape. <br> 7. Change and modify threads and fabrics (knotting, fraying, fringing, twisting, pulling threads, plaiting). | 1. Show an awareness of and name a range of different fabrics. <br> 2. Use a variety of techniques e.g. dyeing, weaving and stitching to create different textural effects. <br> 3. Develop skills in stitching, cutting and joining. <br> 4. Show further experience in changing and modifying threads and fabrics (knotting, fraying, fringing, pulling threads, twisting, plaiting). <br> 5. Apply decoration using beads, buttons, feathers etc. <br> 6. Demonstrate experience in looking at fabrics from other countries. | 1. Plan a design and execute it. <br> 2. Become confident in applying colour with tie dye by creating and using own dyes. <br> 3. Change and modify threads and fabrics. <br> 4. Use a technique as a basis for stitch embroidery. <br> 5. Apply decoration using needle and thread e.g. buttons and sequins. <br> 6. Use resist paste and batik with the use of one colour. <br> 7. Use language appropriate to skill and technique. | 1. Continue using a variety of techniques e.g. dyeing, weaving and stitching to create different textural effects. <br> 2. Demonstrate experience in combining techniques to produce an end piece e.g. embroidery over tie dye. <br> 3. Change and modify threads and fabrics as needed. <br> 4. Produce two colour tie dye. <br> 5. Experience 3D weaving. <br> 6. Continue to gain experience in batik. <br> Experiment using more than one colour. <br> 7. Use language appropriate to skill and technique | 1. Use a number of different stitches creatively to produce different patterns and textures. <br> 2. Design, plan and decorate a fabric piece. <br> 3. Use different grades of threads and needles. <br> 4. Work in 2D and 3D as required. <br> 5. Recognise different forms of textiles and express opinions on them. <br> 6. Use language appropriate to skill and technique. |

The use of IT should be weaved into the art curriculum and used throughout the year.

| IT |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| EYFS | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
|  | Use a simple painting program to create a picture. <br> Use tools like full and brushes in a painting package? | Create a picture independently. <br> Use simple IT mark-making tools e.g. brush and pen tools. <br> Edit their own work. <br> Take different photographs of themselves displaying different moods. <br> Change their photographic images on a computer. | Use the printed images they take with a digital camera and combine them with other media to produce art work. <br> Use IT programs to create a piece of work that includes their own work and that of others (using the internet). <br> Use the internet to research an artist or style of art. | Present a collection of their work on a slide show. <br> Create a piece of art work which includes the integration of digital images they have taken. <br> Combine graphics and text based on their research. | Create a piece of art work which includes the integration of digital images they have taken. <br> Combine graphics and text based on their research. <br> Scan images and take digital photos, and use software to alter them, adapt them and create work with meaning. <br> Create digital images with animation, video and sound to communicate their ideas. | Use software packages to create pieces of digital art to design. <br> Create a piece of art which can be used as part of a wider presentation. |

